## Warley Road Curriculum Long Term Plan











	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1	Spring Term 2	Summer Term 1	Summer Term 2
Topic	There's no place like home – Yorkshire Toffee Town (2 weeks)	The Mysterious Maya	Hola Mexico	Anglo Saxon Invaders and Settlers	The Vikings - A force to be reckoned with!	Biomes O'Plenty
Information	Halifax / Malham (6 weeks)		Mexico April	C C		BIOMES
	How do we use cardinal points, a scale bar, Ordnance Survey symbols and 4FGR points to interpret maps?	How did the Maya rule? How does the Maya region compare to England?	North America Where would you like to live	What key events led to Britain being unprotected in the 5th century?	Who were the Vikings? Why did the Vikings carry out raids?	Physical & human geography / climate change
Enquiry Question	FIELDWORK: How do the human and physical characteristics of Malham affect its land-use patterns?	How do the shifting powers compare between the Maya region and England?	and why?	How did life change in England after the fall of the Roman Empire? Why did the Anglo-Saxons and Jutes settle in Britain? How was Anglo-Saxon Britain ruled? How did the Anglo-Saxons keep control of their kingdoms?	Where did the Vikings settle and how do we know?	
	Mapping: Using and interpreting maps, atlases and globes.	_	America Physical Geography: The study of	Evaloration and	Evaloration and	Locational Knowledge
Golden Thread	Locational Knowledge: Halifax, West Yorkshire, Yorkshire and Malham. Human and Physical Geography Geographical enquiry and Fieldwork	Power	the Earth's climate. Other physical features and processors (volcanoes and earthquakes in the ring of fire)	Exploration and Invasion	Exploration and Invasion	Mapping Physical and human geography
Book Led Literacy	Ted Hughes the Iron man	BERLIE DOHERTY STREET CHILD	AGAINST THE LORDS OF DEATH  ATTER  DATAGILLY DAVIDWITT	SCRIPT  BEOWULF  Py the parties of the boundary Child Let  THE OLVE SALES  DAVE MIRRORY  DAVE MIRRORY	THE DIVENT OF THE PARTY OF THE	J.K. ROWLING HARRY POTTER.  and the Philosopher's Stone

ROAP Outcome	Malham Residential / Day Trip	Fashion Parade	Mexican Fiesta	Anglo-Saxon Banquet	Jorvik Trip	Class Presentations
Understanding the world  Geography	Locational knowledge Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.  Human and physical geography Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography and human geography.  Geographical skills and fieldwork Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.		Locational knowledge Locate the world's countries, using maps to North America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.  Human and physical geography Explain and give reasons for the geographical similarities and differences that occur through the study of human and physical geography of a region in North America  Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: volcanoes and earthquakes  Understand the distribution of natural resources  Compare and contrast sources about locations and comment on which ones are useful, giving reasons  Draw in-depth conclusions about locations based on evidence/sources.	Dn Trust		Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)  Describe and understand vegetation belts Identify and describe 3 different biomes.  Understand that, as the world heats up, the water levels rise Understand and explain how individuals have a role to play in reducing their own carbon footprint  Begin to suggest questions for investigating and justify Investigate features and themes of locations in-depth at both micro and macro levels  Use fieldwork to identify and explain the geographical features of a location – i.e. a sketch of a river and labelled key features  Draw in-depth conclusions about locations based on evidence/sources.  Compare and contrast sources about locations and comment on which ones are useful, giving reasons

	History	The sub lenses for this unit are civilisation, trade, settlement, empire, monarchy. This unit will cover who the Maya people were, when and where in the world they lived and the reasons why they were so successful. It will look at how we know about the Maya people, their beliefs and the hierarchy system that was in place in society and the important inventions that they made, especially in farming. This builds from previous work on substantive concepts of empire, civilisation and monarchy and how ancient cultures needed to defend themselves against enemy attack.			The sub lenses for this unit are migration, trade, monarchy, settlement, rebellion. It will cover life in England after the fall of the Roman Empire and the reasons why the Anglo Saxons travelled to England's shores and decided to settle. Children will find out how England was ruled during the settlement of the Anglo Saxons and how they kept control of the 7 different kingdoms across the land. This builds from the chronology of Ancient Britain up to when the Romans left and how they had an organised army.	The sub lenses for this unit are migration, trade, monarchy, settlement, rebellion. It will cover who the Vikings were, why they carried out raids in England and how their arrival impacted the political and social hierarchy of the time. This builds from the chronology of Ancient Britain to the Anglo-Saxons.			
	RE				are shown in codes for Should we forgive others?			What do Christians believe about the old and new covenants?	
	MFL				Spanish- La	nguage Angels	60		
and design	Art	Leonardo Da Vinci Italian – Renaissance Anatomy Anatomy - Skull	Frida Kahlo Mexican - Mode Watercolours / F Self Portrait	•	Marc Chagall Russian - Expressionism Dry Point Etching La Vie	Bridgette Riley British - Op Art Notan / Optical illusion Untitled 1960	Henry Moore British – Modern Figurative/clay	art	Inspired by the National Gallery's Take One Picture programme  Take One Picture
Expressive arts and	М	Toffee Town  -Design, make and package a toffee that represents Halifax.  - Design, make and evaluate an Iron Man robot / a Cat's Eye model / a guitar  Christmas Tree Festival  - Design: Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at individuals or groups.  - Make: select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles, and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities.			Yorkshire 'Vs' Mexican traditional, savoury dishes.  - Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet.  - Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques.  - Understand seasonality and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.		- Design and Make Research different Saxon homes and villages (West		

	Music	Calderdale Music Services							
STEM	Science	Properties and Changes of Materials  - Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties.  - Know that some materials will dissolve liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.  - Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gas to decide how mixtures might be separat including through filtering, sieving and evaporating.  - Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes.  - Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.	other planets relative to the so system.  Describe the movement of the relative to the Earth  Describe the sun, Earth and reapproximately spherical bodies.  Use the idea of the Earth's reexplain day and night and the movement of the sun across the know that the Sun is a star centre of our solar system as has eight planets: Mercury, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn	towards the Earth gravity acting between falling object.  Identify the effect resistance and frict moving surfaces.  Recognise that so including levers, posmaller force to have said that it venus, the said that it venus and iffied as a sestial body has one the moons and towards the Earth gravity acting between towards the Earth gravity acting between the said that effect resistance and frict moving surfaces.  Recognise that so including levers, posmaller force to have a sestial body has one the moons and the said towards the Earth gravity acting between the said towards the effect resistance and frict moving surfaces.  Recognise that so including levers, posmaller force to have a said towards the Earth gravity acting between the said towards the effect resistance and frict moving surfaces.  Recognise that so including levers, posmaller force to have a said towards the effect resistance and frict moving surfaces.	<ul> <li>Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object.</li> <li>Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between</li> </ul>		differences in the life cycles an amphibian, an insect and a life process of reproduction and animals.	Animals, Including Humans  - Describe the changes as humans develop to old age.	
	Computing	Computer Science Unit 5.1 Coding (6weeks) Programs – 2Code Unit 5.1 Coding (6weeks)  Programs – 3Code  Unit 5.8 Word Processing with Google Docs (8 weeks) Programs – Google Docs  Programs – Google Docs  Unit 5.8 Word Processing with Google Docs (8 weeks) Programs – Google Docs  Unit 5.6 St		Online safety Information Technology Unit 5.8 Word Processing with Google Docs (8 weeks) Programs – Google Docs Unit 5.6 3D Modelling (4 weeks) Programs – 2Design and Make	Online safety  Computer Science  Unit 5.5 Game Creato  Programs – 2DIY3D	or (5 weeks)	Online safety Information Technology Unit 5.3 Spreadsheets (6 week Programs – 2Calculate	Online safety Information Technology Unit 5.4 Databases (4 weeks + recap Y3) Programs – 2Question 2Investigate	

Physical Development	PE	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognize their own success.  Pupils should be taught to:  use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination  play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending  develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]  perform dances using a range of movement patterns  take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team  compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best  Swimming and water safety (KS2)  Pupils should be taught to:  swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres  use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]  perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations							
		•		In	door				
		Swimming							
		Football	Coorts Hall athlatics		tdoor Tennis	Cricket	Tog sughy/sounders		
		FOOLDAII	Sports Hall athletics	Hockey	Termis	CHEREL	Tag rugby/rounders Growing and Changing		
al Development	PSHE/ SCARF	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Differences	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and Responsibilities	Being My Best	Coram Life Education Session 'Time for Change: Growing Up and Moving on at Puberty.' Monday 19 <sup>th</sup> July 2021.		
	Enrichment/ Trips &Experiences	Dean Clough Art's Mill Orienteering and Mapping Skills Malham Residential	Gazegill Farm and Bolton Abbey Resilience Workshop (SCARF)	Cooking Workshop Maureen Fielding	Luke the Actor: Beowulf Ewden Water	Bikeability Jorvik Centre and Coppergate Dig Fire Safety Talk	Scar Wood, Long Wood and North Dean Wood Hike Doe Park Coram Life Education: Time for Change: Puberty		
rson		School and class-based activities:		School and class-based activities:	LITIST A	School and class-based activities:			
Whistles/Personal Dev	i-challenge	Residential two nights away fr	ur bag/ suitcase for a residential etry study Symbols	<ul> <li>Parachute making</li> <li>A Star is Born - Beowulf</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Fire Safety and Seat-belt Safety</li> <li>Investigating special buildings</li> <li>Presentation of information about church visit</li> <li>Communicate: I can sign my name</li> <li>Cycling</li> <li>Explore a fallen tree – Copley Woods</li> <li>Plant Identification – Copley Woods</li> <li>Circus Skills</li> <li>Build a Tower</li> </ul>			
		<b>←</b>		Building confidence, building	relationships, building teamwork		<b>———</b>		
							·		

